

New Concepts

- Points, Lines, Planes
- Collinear, Coplanar
- Intersection
- Space
- Notation of a line

Problem Set #1

*“I know quite certainly that I myself have no special talent. Curiosity, obsession and dogged endurance, combined with self-criticism, have brought me to my ideas.”*

- Albert Einstein

Exercises:

Read pp.1-6

Work the Written Exercises on p.7 #1-25

Problems:

1-1 The 4x4x31 Challenge

Using only four '4's, (4, 4, 4, and 4) with any number of operators and parentheses, you must arrive at the chosen solution. For example, 7 can be created many different ways:

$$7 = \frac{4!}{4} + \frac{4}{4}$$

$$7 = \frac{44}{4} - 4$$

$$7 = \frac{(\sqrt{4})^4 - \sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{4}}$$

$$7 = \sqrt{4} + 4 + \frac{4}{4}$$

$$7 = \sqrt{4! + 4! + \frac{4}{4}}$$

$$7 = \frac{4}{.4} - 4 + \sqrt{4}$$

OK, that's just number 7, what about the rest? The seven basic operations that you should limit yourself to are

- addition, +
- subtraction, -
- multiplication, \*
- division, ÷
- exponentiation,  $x^n$
- square roots,
- and factorial, i.e.  $4! = 4*3*2*1$
- and don't forget the use of decimals and vinculum

1 = \_\_\_\_\_ 6 = \_\_\_\_\_

2 = \_\_\_\_\_ 7 = \_\_\_\_\_

3 = \_\_\_\_\_ 8 = \_\_\_\_\_

4 = \_\_\_\_\_ 9 = \_\_\_\_\_

5 = \_\_\_\_\_ 10 = \_\_\_\_\_

$11 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 21 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$12 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 22 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$13 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 23 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$14 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 24 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$15 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 25 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$16 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 26 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$17 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 27 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$18 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 28 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$19 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 29 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$31 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$